

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issue date: 22 January 2021 Supersedes: 7 September 2015

# Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	Linseed Oil Paint
1.2 Relevant identified uses of	For outdoor and indoor painting. For painting on wood,
the substance or mixture and	concrete, wallpaper and other materials.
uses advised against	Sector Use - SU:
	SU19 Building and construction work
	SU20 Health services
	SU21 Private households (= general public = consumers)
	SU22 Professional uses: Public domain
	Chemical Product Category: PC9a Coatings and paints
	Process categories [PROC]: PROC10 Roller application
	or brushing
	Environmental Release Categories:
	ERC 8C Wide dispersive indoor use resulting in inclusion
	into or onto a matrix (paint)
	ERC 8F Wide dispersive outdoor use resulting in inclusion
	into or onto a matrix (paint)
1.3 Details of the supplier of the	
safety data sheet	
Supplier/Importer EU	Allbäck Linoljeprodukter AB
Address	Östra Balkåkravägen 18
	SE-271 91 Ystad
	Sweden
Telephone number	+46-411-602 02
Contact person	Sonja Allbäck
e-post	allback@allbackpaint.com
1.4 Emergency telephone	24 hours service is available at www.nhs.uk
number	Call 112 or 999 if an acute emergency. If less acute call
	111.
SDS issued by	Ann Martens, Ramböll Sverige AB, +46 (0)10-615 54 47

## Section 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

The paints with Titanium dioxide are classified as:

EUH 211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

2.2 Label elements

Paint with Titanium dioxide:

EUH 211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.



Other label required

Interior/exterior trim and cladding paints for wood and metal, category d, VOC < 38 g/l. Limit 300 g/l Phase II, from 2010.

EUH210 — 'Safety data sheet available on request'.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Risk for spontaneous combustion if the linseed oil is absorbed by porous organic material (cotton waste or rag). This oxidation, which gives rise to heat can happen even at room temperature, but raised temperature increases the risk.

#### Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

EC-no	CAS-	Name of	Conc.	Classi-	Com
	no/REACH	component	wt/wt	fication	
	reg. no				
232-278-6	8001-26-1	Linseed oil	100 %	-	-
240-085-3	15956-58-8 / 01- 2119979087- 23-0000	2-Ethylhexanoic acid, manganese salt	0,07 mg/litre paint	Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Repr. 2 H361 (Oral) (H361d), STOT RE 2 H373 (neurologiska effekter.) (Inhalation) H373 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411	
205-743-6	149-57-5 / 01- 2119488942- 23	2-Ethyl hexane acid	0,06 %	Repr. 2 - H361d	-
236-675-5	13463-67-7 REACH-reg nr. 01- 2119489379- 17-0021 och 01- 2119489379- 17-0022	Titanium dioxide	0-30 %. Varies with the colour. See below.	Carc 2, H351 (inhalation)	WEL
215-279-6	1317-65-3	Chalk (Calcium carbonate)	15-30 % Varies with the colour	-	WEL
		Different colours			
236-675-5	13463-67-7	White Titanium dioxide (no extra pigment)	27-30 % < 1% Iron	Carc. 2 H351	WEL



		VC LINSEED			
			oxide		
236-675-5	13463-67-7	Old White Titanium dioxide Iron oxide	27-30 % < 1% Iron oxide	Carc. 2 H351 -	WEL
236-675-5	13463-67-7	Vintage Titanium dioxide Iron oxide	25-30 % < 1 % Iron oxide	Carc. 2 H351 -	WEL
236-675-5	13463-67-7	Sea Mist Titanium dioxide Iron oxide	25-30 % < 1 % Iron oxide	Carc. 2 H351	WEL
236-675-5	13463-67-7 20344-49-4 1317-61-9 / 01- 2119457646- 28-0000	Parchment Titanium dioxide Iron oxide (FeOOH) Iron oxide (Fe3O4)	25-30 % < 1 % Iron oxide		WEL
236-675-5	13463-67-7	Custard Titanium dioxide Iron oxide (FeOOH)		Carc. 2 H351 -	WEL
236-675-5	13463-67-7	Barley White Titanium dioxide Iron oxide	25-30 % < 1 % Iron oxide	Carc. 2 H351 -	WEL
236-675-5 243-746-4	13463-67-7 20344-49-4	Buttermilk Titanium dioxide Iron oxide (FeOOH)	25-30 % 1-3 % Iron oxide	Carc. 2 H351 -	WEL
236-675-5 215-277-5 215-277-5	13463-67-7 1317-61-9/ 01- 2119457646- 28-0000 1308-38-9 REACH-nr 01- 2119433951- 39	Oyster Green Titanium dioxide Iron oxide (Fe3O4) Chrome (III) oxide	25-30 % 1% Iron oxide 1 % Chromium oxide	Carc. 2 H351 -	WEL WEL
236-675-5 215-168-2 215-277-5	13463-67-7 1309-37-1 1317-61-9	Houghton Brown Titanium dioxide Iron oxide (Fe2O3) Iron oxide (Fe3O4)	1-4% 5-12 % Iron oxide 15-25 % Iron oxide	Carc. 2 H351 - -	WEL WEL
236-675-5 243-746-4 215-277-5	13463-67-7 20344-49-4 1317-61-9 /	Silver Grey Titanium dioxide Iron oxide (FeOOH) Iron oxide (Fe3O4)	25-30 % 1 % Iron oxide	Carc. 2 H351 - -	WEL



	1	MC LINSEED			1
	01- 2119457646- 28-0000		1 % Iron oxide		
	28-0000	Old Gold			
243-746-4	20344-49-4	Iron oxide (FeOOH)	18-25 % Iron oxide	-	
215-277-5 215-160-9	1317-61-9 1308-38-9 REACH-no 01- 2119433951- 39	Sprauce Green Iron oxide (FeOOH) Chromium (III) oxide	15-20 % Iron oxide	-	WEL
215-160-9	1308-38-9 REACH-no 01- 2119433951- 39	Chrome Oxide Green Chromium (III) oxide	25 % Chromium oxide	-	WEL
236-675-5 243-746-4	13463-67-7 20344-49-4	Lichen Titanium dioxide Iron oxide (Fe OOH)	20-25 % Titanium dioxide	Carc. 2 H351	WEL
215-277-5 215-160-9	1317-61-9 / 01- 2119457646-	Iron oxide (Fe3O4)	1-3 & Iron oxide (Fe00H)	-	
	28-0000 1308-38-9 REACH-no 01- 2119433951- 39	Chromium (III) oxide	1-4 & Iron oxide (Fe3O4) 5-8 % Chromium (III) oxide	-	WEL
309-928-3	101357-30-6	Ultramarine Blue Silicic acid, aluminum sodium salt, sulfurized	20-25 % Ultra marine blue	-	
247-304-1 309-928-3	25869-00-5 101357-30- 61308-38-9	Linseed Blue Titanium dioxide Silicic acid, aluminum sodium salt, sulfurized	15-20 % Titanium dioxide 7 % Ultramarine		WEL
215-160-9	1308-38-9 REACH-no 01- 2119433951- 39 1308-38-9	Chromium oxide	blue 3 % Chromium oxide		
309-928-3	101357-30-6	Midnight Blue Silicic acid, aluminum sodium salt,	17-20 % Ultramarine	-	
		sulfurized	blue		



	1	MC LINSEED	1	1	1
215-277-5	1317-61-9	Iron oxide (Fe3O4)	oxide 1-2 % Iron oxide	-	
			UXIUE		
309-928-3	101357-30-6	Old Blue Silicic acid, aluminum sodium salt, sulfurized	11-14 % Ultramarine blue	-	
243-746-4 215-277-5	20344-49-4 1317-61-9 / 01- 2119457646- 28-0000	Iron oxide (FeOOH) Iron oxide (Fe3O4)	< 1 % iron oxide 1-2 % Iron oxide	- -	
247-304-1 309-928-3 215-277-5	25869-00-5 101357-30-6 1317-61-9 / 01-	I ce Blue Titanium dioxide Silicic acid, aluminum sodium salt, sulfurized Iron oxide (Fe3O4)	15-29 % Titanium dioxid 17-20 % Ultramarine blue	Carc. 2 H351	
	2119457646- 28-0000		< 1 % iron oxide		
215-277-5 215-160-9	1317-61-9 / 01- 2119457646- 28-0000	Holkham green Iron oxide (Fe3O4)	10-15 % iron oxide	-	WEL
	1308-38-9 REACH-nr 01- 2119433951- 39	Chromium (III) oxide	20-30 % Chromium oxide	-	WEL
215-168-2	1309-37-1	Iron primer Iron oxide (Fe2O3)	35-45 % Iron oxide	-	WEL
215-168-2	1309-37-1	Brick red Iron oxide (Fe2O3)	30-35 % Iron oxide	-	WEL
215-168-2 215-277-5 309-928-3	1309-37-1 1317-61-9 / 01- 2119457646-	Old red Iron oxide (Fe2O3) Iron oxide (Fe3O4)	20-24 % Iron oxide 7-10 % Iron oxide	-	WEL
	28-0000 101357-30-6	Silicic acid, aluminum sodium salt, sulfurized	1-2 % Ultramarin blue	-	
215-168-2	1309-37-1	Chocolate Iron oxide (Fe2O3)	30-40 % Iron	-	WEL



		INSEED			
215-277-5	1317-61-9 7 01- 2119457646- 28-0000	Iron oxide (Fe3O4) (Mixture of these iron oxides, the supplier does not give the exact content)	oxides	-	
		Verona brown Iron oxide (Fe2O3) Iron oxide (Fe3O4) (Mixture of these iron oxides, the supplier does not give the exact content)	30-40 % Iron oxides	-	
243-746-4	20344-49-4	Antique Gold Iron oxide (FeOOH)		-	
215-277-5	1317-61-9	Black Iron oxide (Fe3O4)	40-45 % Iron oxide	-	
236-675-5 215-168-2 243-746-4 215-277-5	13463-67-7 1309-37-1 20344-49-4 1317-61-9 / 01- 2119457646- 28-0000	Old rose Titanium dioxide Iron oxide (Fe 2O3) Iron oxide (FeOOH) Iron oxide (Fe3O4)	10 % TiO <sub>2</sub> 10-14 % 1 % 1%	Carc. 2 H351 - - -	WEL WEL
243-746-4 215-277-5	20344-49-4 1317-61-9 / 01- 2119457646- 28-0000	Green Umber Iron oxide (FeOOH) Iron oxide (Fe3O4)	17-20 % (FeOOH) 10-13 % (Fe3O4)	-	
236-675-5 215-168-2 215-277-5	13463-67-7 1309-37-1 1317-61-9 / 01- 2119457646- 28-0000	Graphite Grey Titanium dioxide Iron oxide (Fe 2O3) Iron oxide (Fe3O4) (The supplier does not give the exact content)	5 % Titanium dioxide 25-35 % Iron oxides	Carc. 2 H351 -	WEL WEL
Explanation of al		Other colours are mixtures of the above colours			

CAS-nr. = Chemical Abstracts Service; EU-no (Einecs- or Elincsnumber) = European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances or European L1st of Notified Chemical Substances, Content specified as; %, %wt/wt, %vol/wt, %vol/vol, mg/m<sup>3</sup>, ppb, ppm, wt%, vol%.

WEL = The product has a workplace exposure limit, PBT = The product is declared since it's a PBT- or a vPvB-substance.

#### Comments:

Linseed oil contains mainly natural triglycerides from oleic, linoleic, palmitic acid, linolenic acid and stearic acid. CAS 8554-56-3 is also possible for the product. The product contains 0.01-0.1 % quartz that is naturally present in chalk. The amount of respirable quartz is very low. Ultramarine blue is a synesthetic variant of the natural pigment Lapis lazuli.



For risk phrases in plain text, see section 16.

## Section 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid	
measures	
Inhalation	Not relevant, except when spraying the product. If
	irritation occurs, move to fresh air and rest.
Skin contact	Wash the skin with water and linseed soap.
Eye contact	Remove contact lenses. Rinse the eyes for a couple of
	minutes. If symptoms persist, seek a physician.
Ingestion	Drink copious amounts of milk. The product is a laxative
	in large amounts, but no risk for intoxication.
4.2 Most important symptoms	
and effects, both acute and	
delayed	
Inhalation	May cause some transient irritation to the respiratory
	tract.
Skin contact	Has no effect on skin.
Eye contact	Provides transient mild irritation.
Ingestion	Laxative.
4.3. Indication of any immediate	Access to water for rinsing eyes at the working place.
medical attention and special	
treatment needed	

## Section 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
a. Recommended Extinguishing	a. Extinguish e.g. with foam, carbon dioxide, powder or
media	water spray depending on what is burning
b. Not Recommended Extinguishing	b. Foam containing substances that are harmful for the
media	environment, i.e. Perfluoro octane sulfonate (PFOS) and
	Nonyl ethoxylate
5.2 Special hazards arising from	Can self-ignite at 343 °C. Can oxidize in rags and other
the substance or mixture	porous material and cause increased heating of the
	material until it ignites.
5.3 Advise for firefighters	Avoid inhaling of smoke fumes. Wear self-contained
	breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. Cool fire
	exposed surfaces.

## Section 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions,	
protective equipment and	
emergency procedures	
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel	Wash skin or contaminated clothes with water.
6.1.2 For emergency responders	Wash with water.
6.2 Environment precautions	Prevent discharge to the sewage system.



6.3 Methods and material for	Make embankments with sand or other inert absorbent
containment and cleaning up	and collect. Small amounts can be washed away with
6.3.1. Surrounding embankment	water. The product is easily biodegradable in nature.
/sealing	
6.3.2 Recommended cleaning up	
measures	
6.3.3 Non-recommended measures	
6.4 Reference to other sections	For personal protection see section 8. For disposal of
	waste, see section 13.

#### Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precaution for safe handling	Avoid spills and prevent large quantities of the product to reach sewage system or surface water. Avoid eating, drinking and smoking in the working area. Wash hands after using the product. Remove contaminated clothing before meals are taken
7.2 Condition for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store out of reach of children and away from food.
7.3 Specific end use(s)	No specific end uses.

#### Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

National occupational exposure limits values, EH 40, 2005 with updates

CAS-nr	Substance name	WEL	WEL	WEL
		8 h	5 min	15 min
1309-37-1	Iron oxide fume (as Fe)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide			
	total inhalable	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
	respirable	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
1317-65-3	Calcium carbonate			
	inhalable dust	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
	respirable dust	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
	Chromium (III) compounds	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
	(as Cr)			

WEL=Workplace Exposure Limit

PNEC and DNEL/DMEL not established for linseed oil. Values below from REACH registration of titanium dioxide.

CAS-no	Substance	PNEC	DN(M)EL	Expo-
		(type of	(route of exposure)	sure
		environment)		scen-
				ario
				annex
13463-67-7	Titanium	PNEC (aqua	Workers	None
	dioxid	freshwater)	Longtime exposure local	



Thic LINSEED	
0,127 mg/L	effect
	DNEL Inhalation
PNEC (aqua marine	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
water)	
1 mg/L	Consumers
PNEC aqua (intermittent releases) 0,61 mg/L	Longtime exposure systemic effect Oral DNEL
	700 mg/kg bodyweight/day
PNEC STP	
100 mg/L	For other DNEL/DMEL data is missing
PNEC sediment (fresh water) 1000 mg/kg Sediment dw	
PNEC sediment (marine water) 100 mg/kg sediment Dd	
PNEC soil 100 mg/kg dw	

Biological limit values	None
Recommended surveillance	None
procedure	

8.2 Exposure controls	
8.2.1 Recommended technical	None
control measures	
8.2.2 Individual protection	
measures, e.g. personal	
protection equipment	
Eye/face protection	None. When spraying the product, use safety goggles.
Skin protection	i) At prolonged contact with the product use
i) Hand protection (material,	gloves e.g. PVC, nitrile or butyl. Always use
thickness, breakthrough time)	gloves when painting with colour containing
ii) Other protection	chromium. Breakthrough is not known, but
	probably > 8 hrs.
	ii) Normal working clothes. No special protection
Respiratory protection	If spraying the product and a hazard to surpass any
	occupational exposure value use a half mask with particle
	filter P2.
8.2.3 Environmental exposure	Avoid large leakage to surface water or sewage system
control	



## Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

7.1 millionnation on basic physical c	
Appearance/Form /State	Liquid
Odour	Characteristic linseed oil.
Melting point/freezing point	Appr19 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling	Appr. 316 °C
range	
Flash point	216 °C
Evaporation rate	Not determined
Self ignite temperature	343 °C
Upper/lower flammability or	Not determined
explosive limits	
Vapour pressure	Not determined
Vapour density	Not determined
Relative density	1.3-1.7 kg/l (depending on colour)
Solubility	Linseed oil will only emulsify in water. Low water
	solubility <1 g/l. The product is partly soluble in several
	solvents, but it is not recommended to mix with organic
	solvents.
Partition coefficient n-	Not determined
octanol/water	
Decomposition temperature	Not determined
Viscosity	Not determined
Explosive properties	None
Oxidizing properties	None
VOC content	< 18 g/l

#### 9.2 Other information

Emission Factor, Volatile organic	64 $\mu$ g/(m <sup>2</sup> xh) after 4 weeks drying time of linseed oil
compounds, TVOC	paint (white paint), 18 µg/(m²xh) after 26 week drying
	time.

## Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	The product is not reactive during normal handling and
	storage conditions.
10.2 Chemical stability	Stable at normal storing conditions
10.3 Possibility of hazardous	None
reactions	
10.4 Conditions to avoid	Do not store above normal room temperature.
10.5 Incompatible materials	Strong acids, bases and oxidizing agents.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition	None except for colours containing ultramarine pigment.
products	This pigment can emit hydrogen sulphide in contact with
	acids. Chrome (III) oxide can transform to chrome (VI)
	when heated. Chrome (VI) is a strong sensitizer and
	carcinogenic.



### Section 11: Toxicological information

Substances

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

a) Acute toxicity

Short term exposure

Linseed oil LD50, rat > 15000 mg/kg body weight.

Ingestion: The product is probably a mild laxative and ingestion of small amounts will not give any symptoms.

Inhalation: LC50 / 4h) > 20 mg/l (IMO). Inhalation is only a risk when spraying the product. The product could in this case cause minor irritation to respiratory tracts and ethanol in the product can affect the central nervous system.

Eye contact: Could cause mild transient irritation if contact with the eyes

Skin contact: Gives no effect on the skin.

Long term exposure:

Ingestion: No data, but the product is probably laxative.

Inhalation: Only a risk when spraying the product. The product could in this case cause minor irritation to respiratory tracts and ethanol in the product can affect the central nervous system. The product consumes oxygen when drying and if insufficient ventilation this could cause a headache. Eye contact: Repeated exposure may cause irritation to the eyes, but will probably not give any remaining effect on the eye.

Skin contact: Repeated contact might dry the skin and cause irritation or atopic eczema, but during normal use the risk is low.

b) Skin corrosion/irritation: The product i not corrosive to the skin.

c) Serious eye damage/irritation:

The product will not give serious eye damage or eye irritation.

d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation: The product is not sensitizing. There is no known sensitizing effect of linseed oil, but no data is found.

e) Germ cell mutagenicity: No known effects.

- f) Carcinogenicity: No known effects.
- g) Reproductive toxicity: No known effects.
- h) STOT-single exposure No known effects.
- i) STOT-repeated exposures No known effects.
- j) Aspiration hazard No known effects.
- k) Other information –
- 11.2. Information on other hazards

#### Section 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Acute toxicity:

Linseed oil has low toxicity for aquatic organisms. LC50 > 1000 mg/L (DHI report) Long term toxicity: The product will probably not have any adverse long term effect for the aquatic environment, but data is lacking.

Terrestrial organisms: The product is probably not harmful for terrestrial organism, but data is lacking.

Plants: The product is probably relative harmless for plants, but data is lacking.

Effects on micro-organisms living in wastewater treatment plants

The product has no known effect on microorganism living in wastewater treatment plants.



12.2 Persistence and degradability The product is easily degradable (DHI report).

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential The product will not bioaccumulate. BCF < 10 (DHI report).

12.4 Mobility in soil

The product is water soluble but easily degradable and thus the mobility in soil will not be so high.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment The product does not contain any PBT or vPvB substance.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting propertiesNo ingredients in the product have any endocrine disruptor effect.

12.7. Other adverse effects None known.

#### Section 13: Disposal consideration

13.1 Waste treatment methods	<ul> <li>a) Emptied plastic package are sorted as hard plastic.</li> <li>The packaging material consists of polypropylene.</li> <li>The product can be incinerated in a suitable incineration plant holding a permit delivered by the competent authorities. Empty dry metal canes can be stored as metal.</li> <li>b) There are no physical/chemical properties that may affect the waste treatment solutions.</li> <li>c) Larger residues should not be released to the sewage system. No special security measures</li> </ul>
Waste codes (EWC)	concerning waste treatment methods are needed. Depends where the waste is produced, but suitable
	codes are 02 03 03, 20 01 28 or 08 01 14
The product is classified as bazardous waste	No.
	Suitable codes for the packages are 15.01.04, 15.01
	1 3
	No
Other information	See section 8 for personal protection equipment.
The product is classified as hazardous waste Waste codes (EWC) for the container A not thoroughly cleaned container is considered dangerous waste	<ul> <li>c) Larger residues should not be released to the sewage system. No special security measures concerning waste treatment methods are needed.</li> <li>Depends where the waste is produced, but suitable codes are 02 03 03, 20 01 28 or 08 01 14</li> <li>No.</li> <li>Suitable codes for the packages are 15 01 04, 15 01 07, 20 01 40 or 20 01 02.</li> <li>No</li> </ul>



## Section 14: Transport information

General	Not classified as hazardous goods
14.1 UN number	-
14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-
14.4 Packing group	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	-
14.6 Special precautions for users	-
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk	The product is not transported in bulk, but if it will
according to IMO instruments	happen in the future this product is listed in Annex II
	of the Marpol convention.
	Vegetable oils floating on water are also listed as IMO
	category 2. Vegetable oils pollution category Y, ship
	type 2.

#### Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety. health, and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

No relevant.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessment is not made for linseed oil as it is exempted from registration according to REACH.

#### Section 16: Other information

This SDS is changed in the following sections: Headlines in some sections according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878. Changes in section 2, 3 and 12. New classification of Titanium dioxide.

Hazard and Precautionar	y statements from section 2 and 3 in plain text (CLP):
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Hazard Category 2
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Carc 2	
H351 (inhalation)	
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity, Hazard Category 2
H361d	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child (oral).
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure,
	Hazard Category 2
H373	May cause damage to organs (neurological effects) through prolonged
	or repeated exposure (Inhalation).
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category 2
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

VOC is determined according to ISO 11890-2. The volatile VOC will probably remain in the colour due to cross-binding reactions. This has been shown in emission measurements during painting with linseed oil paint.



Sources for data in this SDS

- ECHA data base registered substances.
- IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Volume 93 (2010) Carbon black, Titanium Dioxide and Talc. (452 p)
- European Commission DG Environment Report October 2008 from DHI. Review of Annex IV of Reg. 1907/2006 Contract No. 070307/2007/473055/MAR/D1 and appendix 2 Evaluation of existing entries, Linseed oil.
- IMO INTERNATIONAL MARITIME ORGANIZATION. BLG WORKING GROUP ON THE EVALUATION OF SAFETY AND POLLUTION HAZARDS OF CHEMICALS. 30 September 2005, Linseed oil (containing less than 4% free fatty acids). Submitted by the United Kingdom.

Other information:

Linseed oil is exempted from registration according to REACH Annex V. See regulation EC 987/2008.

The safety data sheet is based on the REACH regulation EC 1907/2006 and amendments. Classification according to the CLP regulation EC 1272/2008.